



24 March 1965

MEMORANDUM

Beginning with the next issue, the <u>Vietnam</u>

<u>Situation Report</u> will be published in the late afternoon, seven days a week. This schedule will provide more detailed and authoritative coverage of events in Vietnam than is possible with the present early morning deadline. Moreover, it will fit better with the normal daily cycle of reporting from Saigon.

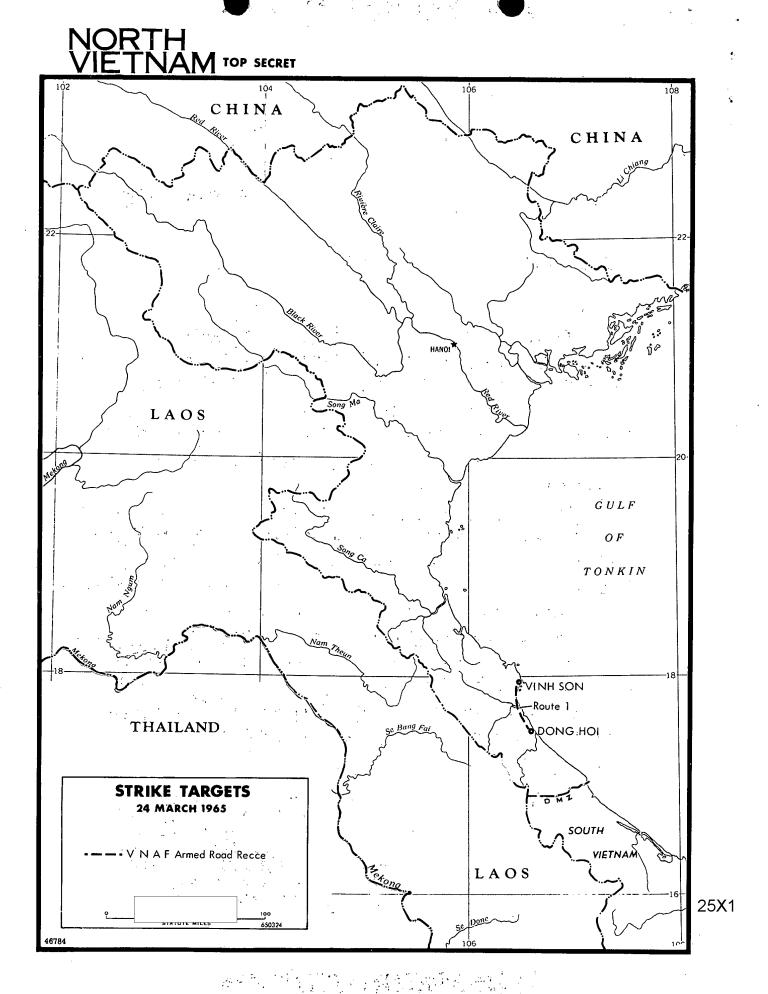
The <u>Central Intelligence Bulletin</u> will continue its present high level of detailed coverage of Vietnam. It will therefore serve to update the <u>Vietnam Situation</u>

<u>Report</u> in the morning and to present preliminary analysis of any significant reports received during the night.

The <u>Vietnam Situation Report</u> and <u>Central Intelligence</u>
<u>Bulletin</u> will each independently maintain continuity of reporting over the 24-hour period.

The next issue of the <u>Vietnam Situation Report</u> will be issued this afternoon, 24 March.

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	INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM		
·	The Situation in V	ietnam as of 0600 EST	
	South Vietnamese Air Str	ikes of 24 March	
	scheduled to perform an for targets of opportuni Hoi and Vinh Son at appr	e Skyraider aircraft were armed road reconnaissance ty on Route 1 between Dong eximately 1600 local Viet-4 March. Ten to twelve US support of the mission.	
		turned safely to their bases ailable on the results of	5.
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	that the 23 March South the Vinh Linh radar site tarized Zone, destroyed	tographic analysis indicates Vietnamese air strike agains , just north of the Demili- seven buildings and damaged e radar antenna appears un-	29 29
·.	Communist Political Deve	lopments	
	air attacks with a Forei March to the cochairmen	onded to the latest series of gn Ministry note sent on 23 and all the signatories of its as well as other unspecieiterated demands that the U	
·	stop its aggressive acts	and withdraw from South Vie papers replayed the North	

- 6. In a hard-hitting speech on 23 March Soviet party leader Brezhnev attacked US "acts of aggression" against North Vietnam and asserted that the Soviet Union "is already" assisting the DRV. Brezhnev's ambiguous reference to Soviet citizens expressing their readiness "to take part in" the DRV's struggle seems primarily intended for propaganda effect. Nonetheless, this is first time that a Soviet leader has even hinted at the possibility of Soviet "volunteers."
- 7. Brezhnev reaffirmed the Soviet Union's interest in good relations with the US. However, he warned that the USSR would never tolerate an encroachment on the legitimate interests of its friends or allies. In an oblique reaction to recent Chinese charges of a Soviet sell-out on the Vietnam issue, Brezhnev concluded that "we shall never make these interests a subject of a deal with anyone." Nevertheless, Indian diplomats in Moscow were told that the USSR is "entirely ready" to support negotiations on Vietnam but is leaving the initiative in this matter with Hanoi--which is "not yet" prepared for such a step.
- 8. Remarks from bloc quarters about the possible use of "volunteers" in the war in Vietnam are now being echoed by the Viet Cong. In a 22 March statement, Liberation Front president Nguyen Huu Tho called for foreign help in the form of weapons and other war materials. He also warned that the Front will ask for "troops and youths" from abroad if the US continues to send forces to South Vietnam and further "expands" the war. There is no evidence that an actual decision to accept volunteers has been made, but the statement will further encourage worldwide support from leftist groups, some of which have pledged to help the Viet Cong with "deeds."

Bloc Military Developments

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- informed that "arms and equipment" were on their way to the DRV.
- No unusual Communist military moves have been detected in the past 24 hours.
- Hanoi issued a special Party directive on 3 March cautioning local officials against interrupting economic activity with unwarranted civil defense precautions. The directive, issued by the Party's Secretariat and sent to at least two Provincial Party Committees in the Northwest, is highly

critical of the unauthorized and "indiscriminate" initiation of air raid alarms "unnecessarily upsetting the spirt, production, and work of the people.

- 16. Air defense alerts, says the directive, are to be issued only by the local air defense director acting under the established instructions of the central authorities. Dispersal of the civilian population should occur only in areas "in jeopardy of attack," and news dissemination should be carefully controlled by the appropriate propaganda organizations to "avoid creating panic."
- 17. The directive suggests Hanoi's confidence that its population can largely be kept on the job, despite air raids, with a minimum of interruption and dislocation.

Developments in South Vietnam

- 18. No major new political or military developments have been reported in South Vietnam in the past 24 hours.
- 19. During the past week Viet Cong-initiated armed attacks, terrorism, and sabotage declined to the lowest levels since the end of the Tet holiday on 6 February. Total reported incidents for the week dropped to 399 from 536 the previous week and 584 the week before. Last week according to MACV, Viet Cong forces throughout South Vietnam appeared to be avoiding contacts with large ARVN units. There were no large-scale Communist attacks, and only two district towns were fired on, in contrast to the 13 and 14, respectively, shelled during the two previous weeks. The decline in intensity of guerrilla activity was also reflected in the significantly reduced number of casualties and weapons losses sustained by both sides.
- 20. The slackening of recent Viet Cong activity appears to be part of a normal pattern of Communist actions. Generally, a decline over a period of three or four weeks is followed by a sudden renewal of activity, suggesting that the lulls are used to rest, regroup, and plan new attacks.

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Liberation Front Radio continues to call for more determined strikes against

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	the enemy.	25X1 25X1
	21. MACV has revised its holdings of Viet Cong regular strength upward with the acceptance of three new Viet Cong battalions, bringing the total identified battalions to 53 and total confirmed regular Viet Cong strength to 38,460.	
	the Viet Cong are drawing from their forces in the Mekong Delta to reinforce units in Central Vietnam. Reportedly a total of eight battalions of Viet Cong regular and provincial forces have moved north from their base areas in the delta region, leaving behind only small numbers to support local guerrilla forces. Six of these battalions have reportedly been traced during the last two weeks as far north as Binh Tuy Province. There have also been indications that one unit may be as far north as Phu Yen Province. In addition to the alleged movement of Viet Cong units to Central Vietnam, the	25X1 25X1
	Communists are, recruiting among the male population in the delta for military service in Central Vietnam. Certain political cadres in Phong Dinh Province reportedly have been alerted to move to the north, but their destination is unknown. Preparations to expedite the movement of some of these cadres through Cambodia reportedly are underway.	25X1
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